

Maths
Leaving Certificate
Ordinary Level

Past Exam Questions
Marking Scheme on
The Circle

Question 4

The point A has co-ordinates (8, 6) and O is the origin.

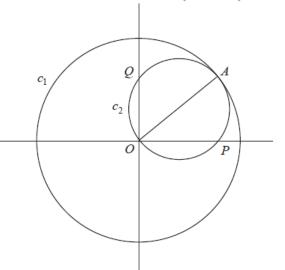
The diagram shows two circles  $c_1$  and  $c_2$ .

 $c_1$  has centre (0, 0) and radius |OA|.

 $c_2$  has a diameter of [OA].

(a) Find the equation of  $c_1$ .

$$|OA| = \sqrt{(8-0)^2 + (6-0)^2}$$
  
=  $\sqrt{64+36} = \sqrt{100} = 10$   
 $x^2 + y^2 = 10^2 = 100$ 



(25 marks)

(b) Find the equation of  $c_2$ .

$$\left(\frac{8+0}{2}, \frac{6+0}{2}\right) = (4,3)$$
$$(x-4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 5^2 = 25$$

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(c) The circle  $c_2$  cuts the x-axis at the point P. Find the co-ordinates of P.

$$(x-4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$$

$$y = 0 \implies (x-4)^2 + (0-3)^2 = 25 \implies (x-4)^2 = 25 - 9 = 16$$
  
 $\implies x-4 = \pm 4 \implies x = 8 \text{ or } x = 0$ 

Co-ordinates of P: (8,0)

## Q4 2012 Project Maths Paper Two Ordinary Level Section A

Question 4 (25 marks)

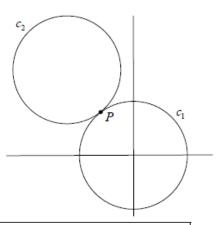
The diagram shows two circles  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  of equal radius.

 $c_1$  has centre (0, 0) and it cuts the x-axis at (5, 0).

(a) Find the equation of  $c_1$ .

$$x^2 + y^2 = 5^2 = 25$$

(b) Show that the point P(-3, 4) is on  $c_1$ .



$$x^{2} + y^{2} = (-3)^{2} + 4^{2} = 9 + 16 = 25 = r^{2}$$

(c) The two circles touch at P(-3, 4).

P is on the line joining the two centres.

Find the equation of  $c_2$ .

$$(0,0) \rightarrow (-3,4) \text{ maps } (-3,4) \rightarrow (-6,8)$$

$$c_2$$
:  $(x+6)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 25$ 

(d) Find the equation of the common tangent at P.

Slope of line of centres:  $\frac{8-0}{-6-0} = -\frac{4}{3}$ 

Perpendicular slope, the slope of the tangent:  $\frac{3}{4}$ 

Equation of tangent:  $y-4=\frac{3}{4}(x+3) \implies 3x-4y+25=0$